

Making It Work: A Guide for Implementing Cultural Learning Experiences in American Indian and Alaska Native Early Learning Settings

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# Session Objectives

At the end of this presentation, you should be able to:

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- Use MIW to explain the benefits of integrating language and culture.
- Understand how integrating language and culture connects with the Head Start Program Performance Standards (HSPPS), Child Care Development Fund (CCDF) regulations, and the Early Learning Outcomes Framework (ELOF) to support school readiness goals.
- Learn the three-step process to Making It Work (MIW).
- Infuse traditional values and practices in early learning programming.
- Conduct continuous quality improvement and cultural responsiveness through family engagement.
- Learn about implementation highlights, successes, and considerations.

# Session Agenda

Here's what we're doing today:

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- 1. Introductions
- 2. Purpose and background of MIW
- 3. Importance of language and culture
- 4. Connections to the HSPPS and CCDF regulations
- 5. MIW three-step process
- 6. Program experiences
- 7. Next steps
- 8. Questions



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## Culture, Language, and Identity Formation



"Children's identity and sense of self are inextricably linked to the language they speak and the culture in which they have been socialized, which takes place in a specific family context" (Crago, 1988, as cited in California Department of Education, 2008)

"Culture also influences young children's developing sense of self, as many cultures emphasize collective or group worth rather than worth based on individual accomplishments" (Rogoff, 2003, as cited in Tomlinson & Hyson, 2009)



## Making It Work...

- promotes language development, including learning of the tribal language.
- ensures lesson plans and teaching strategies infuse important cultural and lifeway skills.
- and lifeway skills.

  ensures that the tribal, state, and The Head Start Early Learning Outcomes Framework: Ages Birth to Five (HSELOF) standards and regulations are achieved by teaching their traditional cultural skills, values, beliefs, and lifeways, and complements and connects each program's research-based curriculum and ongoing assessment process to local cultural lifeways.







### **Chat Question**

- Who has used the Making It Work tool?
- Please share about your experience and what aspects of cultural learning you were able to infuse into your early childhood classroom(s) or program(s)?



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### Head Start Program Performance Standards

• Subpart C – Education and Child Development Program Services

§1302.30 A program must deliver developmentally, <u>culturally, and linguistically appropriate learning experiences</u> in language, literacy, mathematics, social and emotional functioning, approaches to learning, science, physical skills, and creative arts.

§1302.36 Tribal language preservation and revitalization

A program that serves American Indian and Alaska Native children may integrate efforts to preserve, revitalize, restore, or maintain the tribal language for these children into program services. Such language preservation and revitalization efforts may include full immersion in the tribal language for the majority of the hours of planned class operations.

§1302.35 Education in home-based programs

Promotes the parent's role as the child's teacher through experiences focused on the parentchild relationship and, as appropriate, the family's traditions, culture, values, and beliefs



Implement early learning and developmental guidelines that are developmentally, <u>culturally</u>, <u>and linguistically appropriate</u>

- § 98.33(b)(1)(iv)
- Use best practices concerning children's development, <u>meaningful parent and family engagement</u>, and physical health and development
- - Promotes the social, emotional, physical, and cognitive development of children through <u>culturally and linguistically</u> <u>appropriate practices</u>
- - Professional development and training on
  - culturally, and age-appropriate strategies to promote all of the major domains of child development and learning, including specialized training for working with populations of children such as Native Americans and Native Hawaiians
  - engaging parents and families in culturally and linguistically appropriate ways



### 2017-2019 CCDF Tribal Plan

Coordinating with relevant systems, including Head Start and Early Head Start and Early Childhood Home Visiting

- Section 3
  - Ensuring equal access to high quality child care for low-income children
- - Supporting continuous quality improvement



"when parents and community leaders make decisions themselves regarding content, process, and medium of instruction, Native language and culture programs 'enhance student motivation, self-esteem, and ethnic pride' and provide opportunities for parents and elders to participate in student learning, thereby bringing the community and school together" (as cited in NASEM, 2017, p. 347)

# **Culturally Based Education**

"Research about the influences of culturally based education on the academic performance of Native American children shows that interweaving cultural topics with daily activities strengthens their identity and leads to better outcomes for all students"





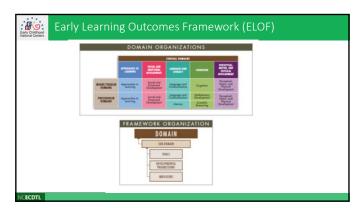


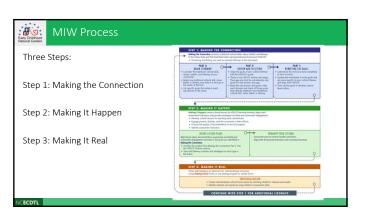
### Early Childhood National Centers

### History of MIW

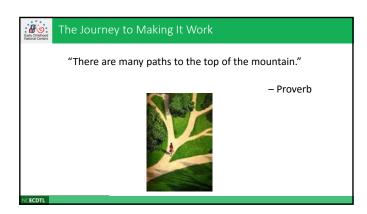
- Originally developed by the Office of Head Start former National Center on Cultural and Linguistic Responsiveness (NCCLR) in collaboration from AIAN Head Start programs.
- First shared at the National Indian Head Start Directors' Association in 2011.
- Through continuous feedback from tribal leaders, Head Start leaders, early childhood teachers, cultural and language staff, and early childhood program staff, MIW evolved over the 4 years and became a tool used in many Head Start programs.
- Recently expanded to include Birth to Three and reach all early learning programs.

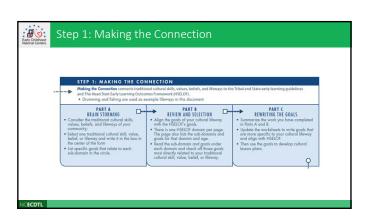
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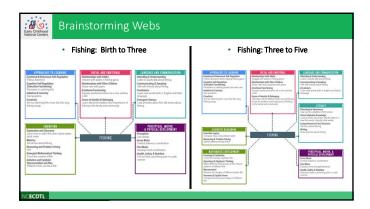


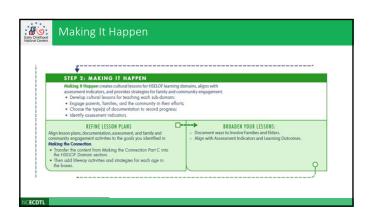




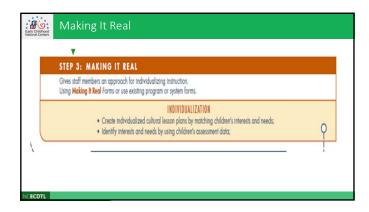














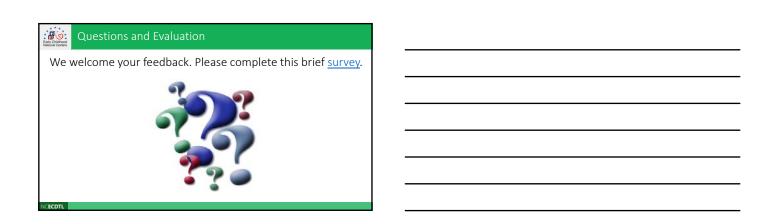








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"It has been observed that as participants progress through language or cultural			
revitalization, they often develop an enhanced sense of tribal identity that is protective in aspects of health and	Language Documentation,		
wellbeing" (as cited in Rouvier, 2017, p. 16)	Revitalization and Reclamation: Supporting Young Learners and Their Communities		 
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Closing Quote		1	
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Native American children's identity and leads to —Demmert & Towner, 2003	o better outcomes for all students.		
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