

Planned Language Approach Big 5: Focus on Alphabet Knowledge and Early Writing

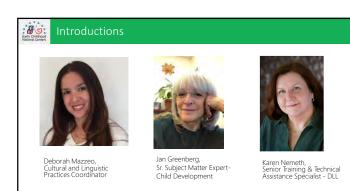
January 17, 2019

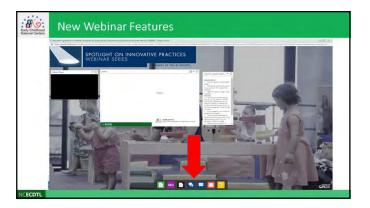
recenters:

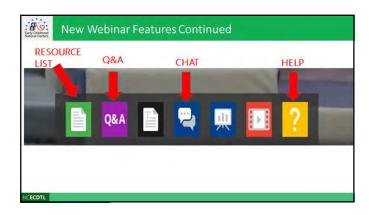
Jan Greenberg, NCECDTL Deborah Mazzeo, NCECDTL Karen Nemeth, NCECDTL



1







## Session Agenda Here's what we're doing today: Introduction Connections to PLA, Coordinated Approaches, and the Head Start Early Learning Outcomes Framework Understanding the Research Language, culture, letters, and early writing The Developmental Progression Infant and Toddler→ Preschool Children who are dual language learners Effective Practices that Support Alphabet Knowledge and Early Writing Examples of Alphabet Knowledge and Early Writing in Early Learning Settings

# Session Objectives At the end of this presentation, you should be able to: Understand the connections to a Planned Language Approach, Coordinated Approaches, and the Early Learning Outcomes Framework Explain what the research says about alphabet knowledge and early writing Describe the developmental trajectory from birth to age five Identify strategies to support children who are dual language learners (DLLs) Identify effective practices for supporting each skill in different early learning settings



#### Alphabet Knowledge and Early Writing Include...

- Communicating through print;
- Understanding that letters are symbols used to read and write in English and other alphabetic languages, while other languages use characters as symbols;
- · Understanding that writing is purposeful;
- Recognizing pictures symbols, signs, or words letters; and
- · Associating letters with individual sounds.



NCECDT

3



#### Coordinated Approaches

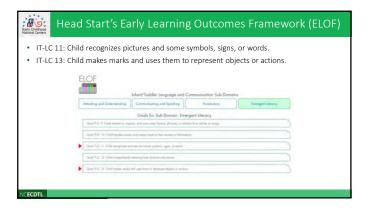
Education staff

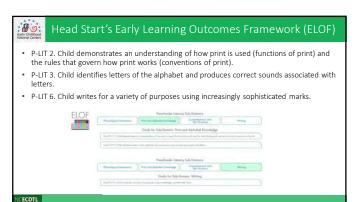
- Support alphabet knowledge and early writing every day, throughout the day as part of the curriculum.
- Assess children's learning of the skills.
- Support families to develop children's alphabet knowledge and early writing.

Refer to the Education and Child Development Services in the Dual Language Learners Program Assessment (DLLPA): <a href="https://eclkc.ohs.acf.hhs.gov/culture-language/guide-dual-language-learners-program-assessment-dllpa/download-dllpa">https://eclkc.ohs.acf.hhs.gov/culture-language/guide-dual-language-learners-program-assessment-dllpa/download-dllpa</a>

NCECDTL









NCECDTL

	ě.		ä	
	n	1		٠.
. [	ı,	1	S	,
Earl	y C	hã	Ø)	000

## Understanding the Research for Children Who Are Dual Language Learners (DLLs)

- English letters and sounds may be new to children who are DLLs. Languages using alphabet letters versus pictorial characters.
- The concept that print is speech written down transfers across writing systems of different languages.

  Dictation helps connect writing and speech.
- Build on children's home languages by noting similarities and differences between
- $\bullet\;\;$  Learn how language and literacy are used and valued at home and extend it.

5



#### Video: Sharing At The Easel





- What strategies did you see the teacher use?
- What did you see the child doing?
- · What did this tell us about what the child knows?

OAL II-LC 11. CIIIIU IR	cognizes pictures and	d some symbols, signs	, or words.
DEVELOPMENTAL PROG	RESSION		INDIGATORS
Birth to 9 Months	8 to 18 Months	16 to 36 Months	By 36 Months
looks at pictures of familiar people princip, or objects while an odd parts at and/ or names his petson, animal, or object.	Points al, signs, or says pame of, or halts about animals, people, or shiperts in photos pi-chires, or drawlings.	Recognizes and uses some before an introduction, such as femera in cond's name, and shows increasing interest in written form of language, such as print in books or signa on building. Children who are DLIs recognize and use written forms of each of their languages.	Points la and names some lamers ar characters in their names.     Recognizes familiar Algres on a by dring or sieve!     Alimbitor meaning so tome symbols, such as a familiar logo or design.



## Poll Question: How can you support babies' alphabet knowledge and early writing?

- A. Encourage them to reach and grasp
- B. Respond to their interests
- C. Offer toys with a variety of textures
- D. All of the above



VCECDT



#### More on How to Support Babies

- Talk or sign to babies as they discover how objects work
- Cuddle and look at books, labeling and describing pictures
- Give older babies writing materials and show them how to use them



NCECOTL

	-	_		
•	C	3	)	•





#### Questions

- What strategies did you see teacher use?
- What did you see the child doing?
- What did this tell us about what the child knows?



NCECDTL

## 

\_



- Model writing and describe what you're doing and why
- Encourage children to write in meaningful ways





- Help children talk about what they're writing and drawing and build on their explanations
- Create safe spaces and places where children can write
- Provide a variety of materials
- Point out written names and letters, noting various languages if these are represented in your group



#### Video: Group Socialization





#### Questions

- How do you support parents to support the skills?
- What languages are spoken by the children and how does that affect your supports?
- How do you incorporate children' home languages in the print provided?



FCDTI

9

## Developmental Progression

 GOAL P-LIT 3. Child identifies letters of the alphabet and produces correct sounds associated with letters.



VCECDT



#### How to Support Preschoolers

- Talk or sign about the alphabet, pointing out letters in children's names and other meaningful letters
- Share alphabet songs and books
- Provide children with magnetic letters, alphabet puzzles, and other alphabet games
- Draw children's attention to print in English and their home language



NCECDTL

	6	n.	3	٠
21	m.	1	2)	c
Far	NC	100	m	ò
	one	II C	ent	pris

#### More on How to Support Preschoolers..

- Help children focus on beginning sounds in words
- Encourage children to write for real and important reasons
- Add writing materials in learning areas and use different materials to make it fun



1 O



#### Video: Writing Her First Letter



NCECDT



#### Question

• What strategies are you using to promote alphabet knowledge and early writing?



ECDTI

	٠	٠		
	5	n		٠
	Ħ		S	6
Nati	N I		idho	BOS BUS

• Dual Language Learners Program Assessment (DLLPA)

 $\underline{\text{https://eclkc.ohs.acfths.gov/culture-language/guide-dual-language-learners-program-assessment-dlipa/download-dlipa}$ 

Effective Practice Guides – Language and Literacy

https://eclkc.ohs.acf.hhs.gov/school-readiness/effective-practice-guides/language-literacy

- Interactive Head Start Early Learning Outcomes Framework: Ages Birth to Five https://eclkc.ohs.acfhhs.gov/interactive-head-start-early-learning-outcomes-framework-ages-birth-five
- Planned Language Approach

 $\underline{https://eclkc.ohs.acfhhs.gov/culture-language/article/planned-language-approach}$ 

Teaching at the Beginning

1 1



## DUAL LANGUAGE LEARNER CELEBRATION WEEK

### Help us celebrate Dual Language Learner Celebration Week, February 19-22, by:

- Looking out for your DLL Celebration Week Resource Box in the mail
- Joining us daily at 1 PM ET for chats in the Culturally and Linguistically Responsive Practices (CLRP) MyPeers Community
- Aftending how webinas

   DLFA Education and Child Development Services for DLts from 2:003:30 PM E on Tuesday 2:19-19

   Planned Language Approach Background Knowledge from 3:00 4:00 PM E on Thusday 2:21-19
- Create and post via social media using the hashtag #BrilliantDualLanguageLearners, daily





Thursday, February 21<sup>st</sup>
Build Bright Transitions for Children who are DLLs





#BrilliantDualLanguageLearners



#### Evaluation and Thank You!

For more information, please contact us at <a href="mailto:ecetta.info">ecetta.info</a> or call (toll-free) 1-844-261-3752

