

Early Head Start-Child Care Partnerships

Briefing and Input Session for Tribal Partners



Overview

- New Early Head Start – Child Care Partnership Funding
- Background on Child Care and Development Fund (CCDF)
- Background on Head Start (HS) & Early Head Start (EHS)
- EHS-CC Partnerships: The Details
- Ways You Can Help
- Timeline
- Question and Answer Period



New Early Head Start – Child Care Partnership Funding

In the 2013 State of the Union address, President Obama announced plans to grow the supply of high-quality early learning opportunities for children from birth— 3, so that more children from low-income families can develop and learn from an early age, through Early Head Start-Child Care Partnerships.

Public Law No: 113-76:

“\$500,000,000 shall be available through March 31, 2015...for new discretionary grants for high quality infant and toddler care through Early Head Start – Child Care Partnerships...”

Conference Report:

“The Secretary shall reserve no less than 3 percent [\$15 million] for Indian Head Start programs...”



Early Head Start-Child Care Partnerships

- Support tribes, states, and communities in expanding high quality early learning and development opportunities for infants and toddlers.
- Early Head Start applicants who demonstrate partnership will join with child care providers who agree to meet high standards of quality.
- Enhance and support early learning settings; provide new, full-day, comprehensive services that meet the needs of working families; and prepare children for the transition into preschool.



Child Care and Development Fund (CCDF)

OCC Vision

- More children in low-income families able to access high quality care

CCDF Purpose

- Assists low-income working families obtain child care so they can work or attend training/education
- Improves quality of child care and promotes coordination among early childhood development and afterschool programs

CCDF Law

- Child Care and Development Block Grant Act (CCDBG) of 1990
- Section 418 of Social Security Act



Who Benefits from CCDF...

Children from birth through age 12 in vulnerable families have access to child care settings that meet their needs.

Parents in eligible low-income families who are working or in training receive help paying for child care at a provider of their choice.

Child care providers receive reimbursement for serving low-income families. Child providers receive supports from tribes, states, and territories to improve quality of care.



CCDF Overview

- **Grantees.** 50 states, DC, territories, and 260 tribal entities encompassing 520 tribes.
- **Funding.** CCDF program combined federal funding for FY 2012 - \$5.2 billion. 2 percent tribal set-aside totaling \$100 million.
- **Flexibility.** CCDF provides flexibility to tribes, states, and territories in establishing policies that support families' access to child care through subsidies.
- **Coordination.** CCDF allows tribes, states, and territories to serve families through a single, integrated child care subsidy program under the rules of the CCDBG Act. Grantees coordinate CCDF with Head Start, pre-kindergarten, and other early childhood programs.



CCDF Data (FY 2012 Preliminary)

CCDF Data	Age of Children			
	0<1 yr	1<2 yrs	2<3 yrs	0<3 yrs (TOTAL)
Average Monthly Count of Children Served	74,355	148,777	192,043	415,175
Percentage of CCDF Caseload	5%	10%	13%	28%
Average Monthly Hours	155	162	164	162
Average Monthly Subsidy per Child	\$467	\$473	\$452	\$462
Percent Children below 100% of Poverty	66%	64%	63%	64%
Percent Children Served in Licensed/Regulated Care	82%	87%	89%	87%
Percent Children Served in Family Child Care Home	31%	29%	16%	28%
Percent Children Served in Center	65%	68%	72%	69%



CCDF Grantee Flexibility

- **Eligibility.** Tribes, states, and territories set policy on how often to re-determine a family's subsidy eligibility, and income level for eligibility.
- **Co-Payment.** Most families who receive child care assistance are required to pay co-payments. Grantees can waive copays for families below poverty.
- **Payment Rates.** Subsidized payment rates and parent fees must be established in a way that allows families equal access to all types of care.
- **Quality Investments.** Partnerships can be established to improve quality through: increased access to professional development; aligned standards; expanded supply; and provision of comprehensive services.



CCDF Partnership Opportunities

Identify children who need services. Potential partnership grantees could use the CCDF waiting list to enroll Early Head Start eligible children.

Stabilize families' subsidies. CCDF grantees can align eligibility periods with Early Head Start and lengthen the time between redetermination.

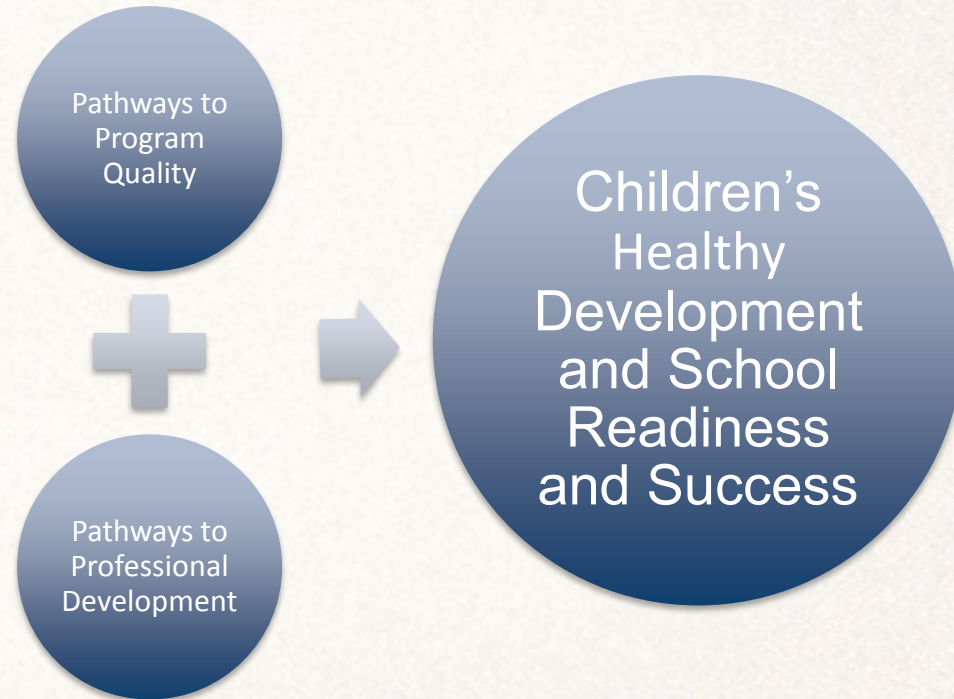
Waive co-pays for families below poverty.

Contracts or grants for slots. CCDF grantees have the option of distributing funds through grants or contracts, which can stabilize funding for partnerships.



OCC Quality Framework

CCDF improves the quality of care to support children's healthy development and learning by supporting child care licensing, quality improvements systems to help programs meet higher standards, and support for child care workers to attain more training and education.



Health and Safety

CCDF Health and Safety Requirements

Tribes, states, and territories have responsibility for ensuring the health and safety of children in child care through the licensing system and/or the establishment of health and safety standards for providers who care for children receiving CCDF funds.

CCDF Health and Safety Requirements	Tribal Licensing
<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Prevention and Control of Infectious Diseases• Building and physical premise safety• Minimum health and safety training	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Tribal CCDF agencies maintain the option of using the HHS Minimum CCDF Standards, Tribal Standards, State Licensing Standards, Local Licensing Standards, or other requirements



CCDF Quality Investments

\$1 billion a year spent on quality improvement activities across CCDF.

- Includes \$100M specifically set-aside by Congress for infants and toddler care
- Lead Agencies are required to spend at least 4% of CCDF allocation on quality activities.
 - Tribes that receive \$500,000 or more must meet this requirement.
 - Tribes that receive under \$500,000 are exempt, but many invest in quality improvement.

Quality funds are spent for:

- professional development and training for the child care workforce;
- grants or loans to help programs meet quality standards
- enforcement of health and safety requirements;
- consumer education and resource & referral services, etc.

CCDF grantees use the flexibility of quality funds to promote innovation



Tribal Workforce Supports

- Tribal Training and Professional Development Activities for Providers
 - Health and Safety (206 grantees)
 - Child Development (177)
 - Physical Activity and Nutrition (177)
 - Infant and Toddler Child Care (153)
 - Language and Literacy (152)
 - Curriculum Development and Instruction (151)
 - Social-Emotional Development (143)
 - Inclusive Child Care (87)
 - Administration and Program Management (81)
 - Fiscal Management (68)
 - Child Care as a Business (59)



Culturally Relevant Activities in Tribal CCDF

- Integration of Storytellers in Child Care (114 grantees)
- Cultural Training Opportunities (110)
- Tribal Language Immersion Programs (92)
- Cultural Training to Non-Native Providers (88)



Purpose of Head Start & Early Head Start

To promote the school readiness of low income children by enhancing their cognitive, social and emotional development –

- in a learning environment that supports children’s growth in language, literacy, mathematics, science, social and emotional functioning, creative arts, physical skills, and approaches to learning and
- through the provision of health, educational, nutritional, social and other services that are determined, based on family needs assessments, to be necessary.



Early Head Start (EHS)

Added to the Head Start Act in 1995 to:

“provide family-centered services for low-income families with very young children designed to promote the development of the children and to enable their parents to fulfill their roles as parents and to move toward self sufficiency”



Scope and Design of EHS from Act

- Provide early, continuous, intensive, and comprehensive child development and family support services that will enhance the physical, social, emotional, and intellectual development of participating children;
- Ensure that the level of services provided to families responds to their needs and circumstances;
- Promote positive parent-child interactions;
- Provide services to parents to support their role as parents;
- Ensure that children with documented behavioral problems receive appropriate screening and referral;
- Ensure formal linkages and coordination with other programs in the State, local Head Start programs, other local providers of early childhood education and providers of early intervention services; and
- Implement a systematic procedure for transitioning children.



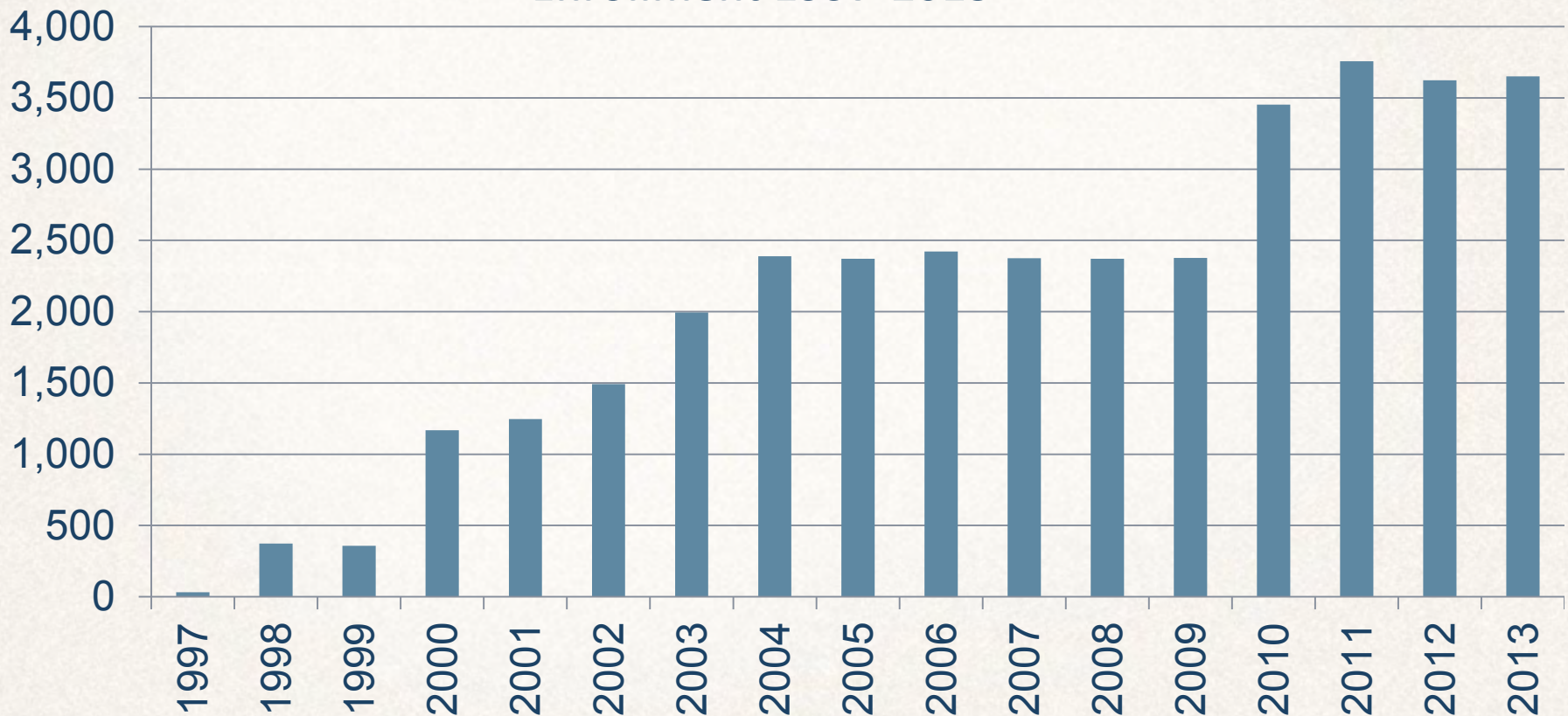
Region XI American Indian and Alaska Native Head Start and Early Head Start Services Today

- Serves children from birth to age 3 and pregnant women
- 150 Region XI Head Start/Early Head Start grants
 - 93 grantees operate Head Start services only
 - 54 grantees operate both Head Start and Early Head Start services
 - 3 grantees operate Early Head Start services only
 - 57 total EHS Region XI grants
- 4,240 children birth to age 3 and 482 pregnant women enrolled in 2012-13 program year (3,650 funded slots)



Region XI Early Head Start Funded Enrollment

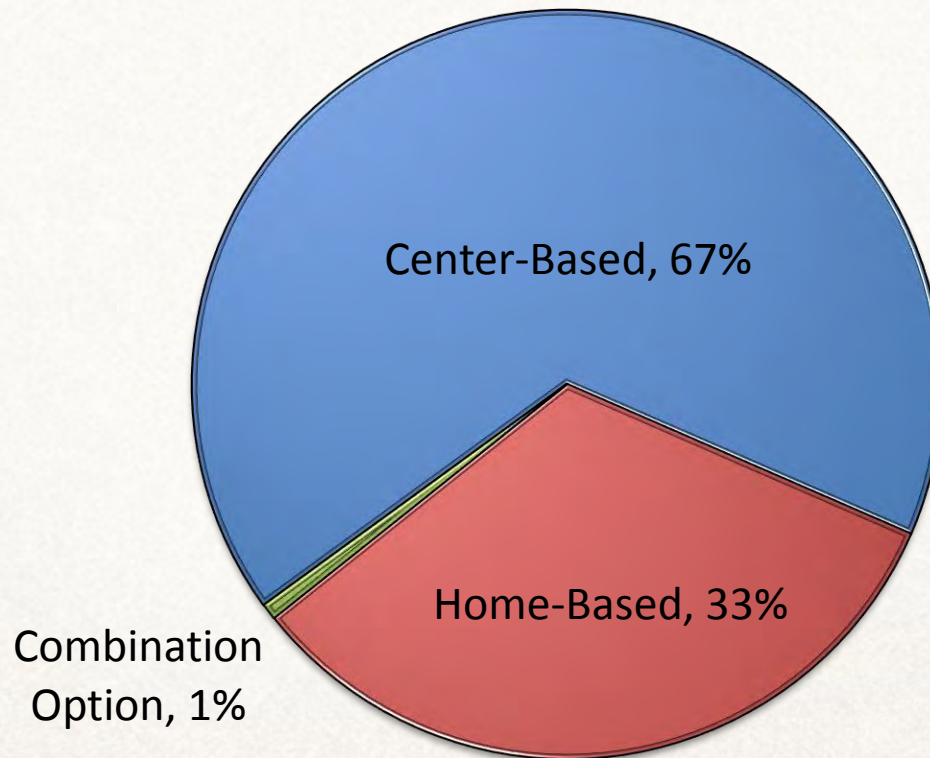
Enrollment 1997-2013*



*EHS enrollment data for 1995-1996.



Region XI Early Head Start Funded Enrollment by Program Option, 2013



Source: PIR 2013 Data, as of 2-5-14

EHS Options for Child Care Partnerships

- **Center Based Option**
 - “Full year” center based program
- **Family Child Care Option**
 - All EHS with FCC as primary delivery (with some structural differences- i.e. ratios, space, class size)
- **Combination of Center and Family Child Care**



Head Start Performance Standards

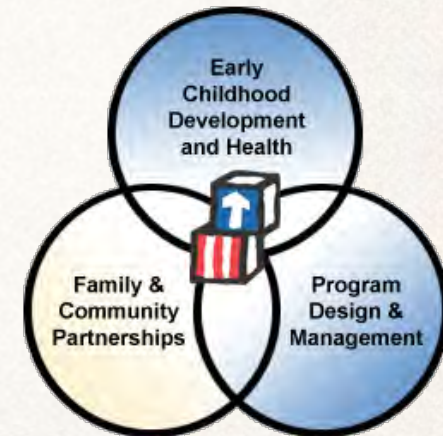
- The code of Federal regulations – [45 CFR PART 1301 - 1311](#) — contains the Program Performance Standards for the Operation of Head Start Programs by Grantee and Delegate Agencies
- The Performance Standards are the mandatory regulations that grantees and delegate agencies must implement in order to operate a Head Start and/or Early Head Start program.
- Region XI flexibility: At least 51 percent of the children to be served by an AIAN grantee must be from families that meet income-eligibility guidelines.



Head Start Performance Standards

Provide Head Start grantee requirements for:

- Eligibility, recruitment, selection, attendance
- Early childhood education and development
- Health and safety
- Health promotion
- Nutrition
- Disabilities
- Parent involvement
- Family partnerships
- Community partnerships
- Administrative and financial management
- Transportation and facilities



Key EHS Requirements: Ratios and Group Size

- Center based
 - One teacher for every 4 infants and toddlers
 - Maximum group size of 8
- Family Child Care
 - One Provider: max group size of 6 with no more than 2 under age 2
 - Provider and assistant: max group size of 12 with no more than 4 infants and toddlers (with only 2 under 18 months)



Key EHS Requirements: Staff Credentials

EHS Center Based Teacher Credentials

Head Start Act Section 645A(h):

- (1) Ensure that, not later than September 30, 2010, all teachers providing direct services to children and families participating in Early Head Start programs located in Early Head Start centers, have a minimum of a child development associate credential, and have been trained (or have equivalent coursework) in early childhood development; and
- (2) establish staff qualification goals to ensure that not later than September 30, 2012, all such teachers have been trained (or have equivalent coursework) in early childhood development with a focus on infant and toddler development.



KEY EHS REQUIREMENTS:

Early Childhood Education and Development

Continuity

- Primary caregiver
- Continued eligibility
- Full year services

Child Development

- Evidence based curriculum and teaching practices
- Ongoing child assessment
- Individualized services
- Continuous program improvement



KEY EHS REQUIREMENTS: Health

- Health Promotion
 - Screenings (sensory and developmental)
 - Referral and follow up
 - Determination of on going source of care and up to date on well baby/EPSTD and help with connecting
 - Oral health
 - Nutrition
 - Mental Health
- Safe sleep, feeding and environments
- Health and Safety and Hygiene and sanitation

KEY EHS REQUIREMENTS:

Family and Community Partnerships

- Increased parent knowledge of child development
- Parent Engagement as experts and advocates for their children
- Opportunities for Family Partnership/Goal Setting Opportunities
- Family access to needed community resources
- Two Home visits in Center Based programs



EHS-CC Partnerships

The Details: Application and Funding

How will Early Head Start-Child Care Partnership funds be awarded?

Funds will be awarded competitively through the Early Head Start grant process.

Who is eligible to participate in the Early Head Start-Child Care Partnerships?

- All agencies eligible to apply for Early Head Start funds can apply for Partnership competition grants, including tribes and territories, community organizations, non-profit or for profit organizations, and state and local governments.
- Eligible applicants for 3 percent tribal set-aside Partnership grants include tribes, consortia of tribes, and tribal organizations.



EHS-CC Partnerships

The Details: Workforce

Will there be enough qualified infant and toddler teachers for this expansion?

Child-caregiver relationships are a critical indicator of quality early learning experiences. Leveraging Early Head Start's strong track record of recruitment and retention of quality providers, the Partnerships will combine new and existing resources to build the capacity needed for the President's Early Learning Initiative.

Will child care teachers be paid the same as Early Head Start teachers?

Part of the Partnership's intention is to close gaps in standards and resources between Early Head Start and child care. We will provide funds sufficient to establish comparable program standards and compensation.

What training requirements will teachers need to meet?

All staff at both sites will meet the qualifications required for Early Head Start. New grantees will have 18 months to meet these criteria.



Ways You Can Help

- If your tribe or community has the capacity to provide high quality infant and toddler care, consider forming a partnership and applying. We need good providers around the country.
- If you have expertise in infant and toddler child care and/or Early Head Start, or experience working in tribal communities, apply to be a reviewer. We will need hundreds of well-qualified reviewers to panel grant applications.
- If you have training expertise, private resources (e.g. philanthropy), or in-kind services to offer, connect with high quality providers in your community to help them write strong applications and implement great partnerships.



Timeline

- Get input from a broad array of stakeholders
- Publish Funding Opportunity Announcement (FOA) spring 2014
- Panel reviews of applications late summer/fall 2014
- Award new grants by March 31, 2015



Questions?

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